

# 2023秋, 有限元方法II, 作业2

交作业时间: 2023/10/19

The Mathematical Theory of Finite Element Methods:

- Chapter 3: 3.x.9, 3.x.11, 3.x.12, 3.x.15, 3.x.16, 3.x.18, 3.x.24, 3.x.35

Supplementary Questions:

1. Let  $(K, \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{N})$  be a finite element satisfying

- (a) There exists  $\sigma > 0$  such that  $\sigma h_K \leq \rho_K \leq h_K$ ;
- (b)  $\mathcal{P}_{m-1} \subset \mathcal{P} \leq W_\infty^m(K)$ ;
- (c)  $\mathcal{N} \subset (C^l(\bar{K}))'$ ;
- (d)  $(K, \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{N})$  is affine-interpolation equivalent to the reference finite element  $(\hat{K}, \hat{\mathcal{P}}, \hat{\mathcal{N}})$ .

Here,  $m + l - n/p > 0$ . For  $0 \leq j \leq m - 1$ , the constant  $t_j$  satisfies

$$\begin{cases} p \leq t_j \leq \frac{(n-1)p}{n-(m-j)p} & \text{if } (m-j)p < n, \\ p \leq t_j < \infty & \text{if } (m-j)p = n, \\ p \leq t_j \leq \infty & \text{if } (m-j)p > n. \end{cases}$$

Then, there exists a constant  $C$  independent of  $K$  such that, for any  $0 \leq j \leq m - 1$  and  $v \in W_p^m(K)$

$$\sum_{|\alpha|=j} \|\partial^\alpha(v - Iv)\|_{L^{t_j}(\partial K)} \leq Ch_K^{m-j+(n-1)/t_j-n/p} |v|_{W_p^m(K)}.$$