

《利息理论与应用》第二章重点题答案

$$1. \quad 1000S_{\overline{20}|7\%} + xS_{\overline{10}|7\%} = 5 \times 10^4$$

$$S_{\overline{20}|7\%} = 40.99549$$

$$S_{\overline{10}|7\%} = 13.81645 \Rightarrow x = 651.7238$$

$$2. \quad A + 250a_{\overline{48}|1.5\%} = 10^4$$

$$\frac{18\%}{12} = 1.5\%$$

$$250 \cdot a_{\overline{48}|1.5\%} = 250 \times 34.04255 = 8510.63841$$

$$\Rightarrow A = 1489.36159$$

$$5. \quad a_{\overline{7}|} = \frac{1-q^7}{i}, a_{\overline{11}|} = \frac{1-q^{11}}{i}, a_{\overline{18}|} = \frac{1-q^{18}}{i}$$

$$a_{\overline{7}|} \cdot a_{\overline{11}|} = \frac{1-q^7 - q^{11} + q^{18}}{i^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{i} \left(\frac{1-q^7}{i} + \frac{1-q^{11}}{i} - \frac{1-q^{18}}{i} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{i} (a_{\overline{7}|} + a_{\overline{11}|} - a_{\overline{18}|})$$

$$\Rightarrow i = \frac{a_{\overline{7}|} + a_{\overline{11}|} - a_{\overline{18}|}}{a_{\overline{7}|} \cdot a_{\overline{11}|}} = 8.27847\%$$

$$a_{\overline{7}|} + q^7 \cdot a_{\overline{11}|} = \frac{1-q^7 + q^7 - q^{18}}{i} = a_{\overline{18}|}$$

$$(1+i)^7 = \frac{a_{\overline{11}|}}{a_{\overline{18}|} - a_{\overline{7}|}} \Rightarrow i = 8.22906\%$$

$$(1+i)^{11} = \frac{a_{\overline{7}|}}{a_{\overline{18}|} - a_{\overline{11}|}} \Rightarrow 7i = 8.26379\%$$

$$10.1) \quad \ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} = \frac{(1-q^n)(1+i)}{i} = \frac{1-q^n}{i} + 1 - q^n$$

$$2) \quad \ddot{S}_{\overline{n}|} = \frac{((1+i)^n - 1)(1+i)}{i} = \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} + (1+i)^n - 1$$

相差一年

12. 图

$6\%/4=1.5\%$ 共 47 次

91 年 12 月 7 日

$$L=100 \cdot S_{\overline{47}|1.5\%} = 6755.19402$$

1) 79 年 9 月 7 日

$$L \cdot (1+1.5\%)^{-49} = 3256.879998$$

2) 2 年 6 月 7 日

$$L \cdot (1+1.5\%)^2 = 6959.36976$$

20. 图

$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot x \cdot S_{\overline{n}|} = x \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (1+i)^n - 1 = 3 \Rightarrow (1+i)^n = 4$$

27. 图

$$(1+4\%)^{10} - 1 = k \cdot 1.05 + 0.4^6 + k1.05 \cdot 1.04^5 + d1.04^4 + 1.04^3 k$$

$$\Rightarrow k = \frac{1 \cdot [1.04^{10} - 1]}{1.04^3(1+1.04+1.04^2+1.04^3)}$$

$$= 0.0979931773 \text{ (万元)}$$

即 979.931773 元

28. 图

$$p = \frac{x}{(1+i)^2} + \frac{2xa_{\overline{4}|}i}{(1+i)^2} + \frac{2xa_{\overline{3}|}i}{(1+i)^4(1+i)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
p &= xa_{\overline{3}|i}(1+i)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{x}{2}(1+i)^{-\frac{1}{2}} + xa_{\overline{3}|j}(1+i)^{-\frac{9}{2}} \\
\Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} &= \frac{\frac{1}{2}p}{a_{\overline{3}|i}(1+i)^{\frac{1}{2}} + a_{\overline{3}|j}(1+i)^{-\frac{9}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}(1+i)^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \\
&= \frac{\frac{1}{2}x2p(1+i)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2a_{\overline{3}|i}(1+i) + 2a_{\overline{3}|j}(1+i)^{-4} - 1} \\
&= \frac{p(1+i)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2a_{\overline{3}|i} + 2a_{\overline{3}|j}(1+i)^{-4} + 1}
\end{aligned}$$

39.

$$\begin{aligned}
\bar{a}_{\overline{n}|} &= \int_0^n a^{-1}(t) dt \\
&= \int_0^n e^{-\int_0^t d_s} dt \\
&= \int_0^n e^{-\int_0^t \frac{1}{1+s} ds} dt \\
&= \int_0^n e^{-l_n(1+t)} dt \\
&= \int_0^n \frac{1}{1+t} dt \\
&= l_n(1+t) \Big|_0^n = l_n(1+n)
\end{aligned}$$

40.

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_0^1 \mathbf{q}^t dt &= \int_0^1 e^{-dt} dt \\
&= -\frac{1}{d} e^{-dt} \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{d} (\mathbf{q}e^{-d} - 1) \\
&= \frac{1 - e^{-d}}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
e^{-dt} &= \frac{1 - e^{-d}}{d} \Rightarrow \\
-dt &= l_n \frac{1 - e^{-d}}{d} = l_n \frac{e^d - 1}{d \cdot e^d} \\
&= l_n(e^d - 1) - l_n d - d
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
t &= \frac{d + l_n d - l_n (e^d - 1)}{d} \\
&= 1 + \frac{1}{d} l_n d - \frac{1}{d} l_n (e^d - 1) \\
&= 1 + \frac{1}{d} l_n d - \frac{1}{d} l_n i \\
&= 1 + \frac{1}{d} l_n \frac{d}{i} \\
1 - \frac{1}{d} l_n \frac{i}{d} &< 1
\end{aligned}$$

44. 图

$$-75 \quad 75 \quad 72 \quad 69$$

$$25 \cdot a_{\overline{25}|} + 3(Da)_{\overline{25}|}$$

45. $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 16\% = 8\%$

图

$$-300 \quad 500 \quad 250 \quad 50$$

$$800 - 350 = 50(n-1) \Rightarrow n = 10$$

$$300a_{\overline{10}|8\%} + 50(Da)_{\overline{10}|8\%}$$

$$= 300 \cdot A + 50 \cdot \frac{n-A}{i}$$

$$= 300 \cdot A + \frac{50}{8\%}$$

$$300A + 6250 - 625A$$

$$6250 - 325A$$

48. 图

$$R = 100 \cdot m^2 = 100 \cdot 4^2 = 1600$$

$1600(I^{(4)}\ddot{a})^{(4)}_{\overline{1}|}$ 为每一年在年初的现值

$$1600(I^{(4)}\ddot{a})^{(4)}_{\overline{1}|} \cdot \ddot{a}_{\overline{1}|}$$

49.

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 + \frac{1.03}{(1.08)^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \left[\frac{1.03}{10.8^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right]^2 + \dots \\
&= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1.03}{(1.08)^{\frac{1}{2}}}} = 112.5868
\end{aligned}$$

54. $d_i = l_n(1+i), d_k = l_n(1+k)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_0^{+\infty} (1+k)^t (1+i)^{-t} dt \\
&= \int_0^{+\infty} \left(\frac{1+k}{1+i} \right)^t dt \\
&= \frac{1}{l_n \frac{1+i}{1+k}} \int_0^{+\infty} l_n \frac{1+i}{1+k} e^{-l_n \frac{1+i}{1+k} t} dt \\
&= \frac{1}{l_n \frac{1+i}{1+k}} \left(-e^{-l_n \frac{1+i}{1+k} t} \Big|_0^{+\infty} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{l_n(1+i) - l_n(1+k)}
\end{aligned}$$

57. $A = p \cdot \frac{1}{i}, B = q \left(\frac{1}{i} + \frac{1}{i^2} \right)$

$$A - B = p \cdot \frac{1}{2} - q \frac{1}{i} - q \frac{1}{i^2} = 0$$

1) $\Rightarrow (p-q)i - q = 0$

在 $p > q$ 时, $i = \frac{q}{p-q}$

$$A - B = -q \left(\frac{1}{i^2} - \frac{1}{i} \cdot \frac{q}{p-q} \right)$$

2) $= -q \left[\left(\frac{1}{i} - \frac{p-q}{2q} \right)^2 - \frac{(p-q)^2}{4q^2} \right]$

$$= -q \left(\frac{1}{i} - \frac{p-q}{2q} \right)^2 + \frac{(p-q)^2}{4q}$$

在这种计算方式有极大值 $i = \frac{2q}{p-q}, p > q$

60.

$$0.4S_{\overline{10}|6\%} + 2 = 0.8a_{\overline{n-10}|6\%} + x \cdot 1.06^{-(n-10)}$$

$$2 + \frac{0.4}{6\%}(1.06^{10} - 1) = 7.272317977 = A$$

$$x = (0.4S_{\overline{10}|6\%} + 2 - 0.8a_{\overline{n-10}|6\%}) \cdot 10.6^{(n-10)}$$

$$1) \quad n = 15, x = (A - 0.8a_{\overline{5}|6\%}) \cdot 1.06^5 = 5.2223276$$

$$2) \quad n = 20, x = (A - 0.8a_{\overline{10}|6\%}) \cdot 1.06^{10} = 2.478978$$

$$3) \quad n = 25, x = (A - 0.8a_{\overline{15}|6\%}) \cdot 1.06^{15} = -1.192243$$

$$66. \quad A = \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i}, B = \frac{(1+i)^{n+1}}{i} \Rightarrow (1+i)^{n+1} = Ai, B - A = (1+i)^n$$

$$1 + Bi = 1Ai + i + Ai^2 \Rightarrow B = A + 1 + Ai \Rightarrow i = \frac{B - A - 1}{A} = \frac{B - 1}{A} - 1$$

$$n = \frac{\log(1 + Ai)}{\log(1 + i)} = \frac{\log(B - A)}{\log(\frac{B - 1}{A})} = \frac{\log(B - A)}{\log(B - 1) - \log(A)}$$

$$69. 1) \quad (I_a)_{\overline{n}|i} = \frac{\ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} - nq^n}{i}, (D_a)_{\overline{n}|i} = \frac{n - a_{\overline{n}|}}{i}$$

$$\frac{\ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|} - nq^n + n - a_{\overline{n}|}}{i} = \frac{1 - nq^n + n - q^n}{i} = \frac{(n+1)[1 - q^n]}{i} = (n+1) \cdot a_{\overline{n}|}$$

$$2) \quad (I_s)_{\overline{n}|i} = \frac{\ddot{s}_{\overline{n}|}}{i}, i \cdot (I_s)_{\overline{n}|i} + (n+1) = \ddot{s}_{\overline{n}|} - n + n + 1 = 1 + \ddot{s}_{\overline{n}|} = s_{\overline{n+1}|}$$

71.

$$A = (1 + 1.04 + \dots + 1.04^{36}) \frac{1}{37} = \frac{1 - 1.04^{37}}{1 - 1.04} \cdot \frac{1}{37}$$

$$= \frac{1.04^{37} - 1}{0.04} \cdot \frac{1}{37} = 81.7022464 \cdot \frac{1}{37} = 2.2081688$$

$$B = 6\% \cdot [1.06^{36} + 1.06^{35} \cdot 1.04 + \dots + 1.04^{36}]$$

$$= 6\% \cdot \frac{1.06^{36} [1 - (\frac{1.04}{1.06})^{37}]}{1 - \frac{1.04}{1.06}} = 6\% \cdot \frac{1.06^{37} - 1.04^{37}}{1.06 - 1.04} = 13.8902313 / 1.06 = 13.10399179$$

$$C = 81.7022464$$

$$\frac{70\% A}{1.04^{36}} = \frac{13.935797}{37} = 37.6643\%, \ln(1+i) = 0.0582689$$

$$1) 70\% A \cdot a_{\overline{n}|6\%} = B \Rightarrow 1 - q^n = \frac{6B}{70A} \Rightarrow q^n = 1 - \frac{6B}{70A} \Rightarrow q^n = 1 - \frac{6B}{70A}$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{6B}{70A}\right)}{\ln(1+i)} = 12.195385$$

2)

$$\frac{2.5\% \times 81.7022464}{1.0436} = 49.7707\%, \Rightarrow n = -\frac{\ln\left(1 - \frac{6B}{2.5C}\right)}{\ln(1+i)} = 8.3409485$$

$$2.5\% \times 81.7022464 \ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|6\%} = B \Rightarrow \frac{1 - q^n}{6\%} = \frac{B}{2.5\% C} \Rightarrow q^n = 1 - \frac{6B}{2.5C}$$